INTRODUCTION TO LOGIC MODELS: A PLANNING TOOL TO DEVELOP REDEVELOP SCALE



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HOW A LOGIC MODEL CAN HELP BUILD YOUR ICAPS/IET

- Logic Model Definition
 - A tool used most often by managers and evaluators of programs to evaluate the effectiveness of a program
 - Graphical depiction of the logical relationships between the resources, activities, outputs and outcomes of a program

PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL DEFINED

- A description of how your project is to work
 - ✓ the theory and assumptions underlying the program
- Links outcomes (both short- and long-term) with:
 - ✓ program activities/ processes
 - ✓ the theoretical assumptions/ principles of the program

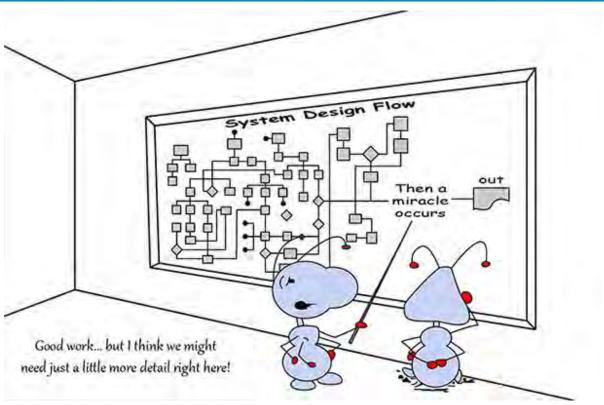


PURPOSE:

■ To assess the "if-then" relationships between elements of the program, i.e., if the resources are available for a program, then the activities can be implemented. If the activities are implemented successfully, then certain outputs and outcomes can be expected.



PURPOSE:





COMPONENTS OF A LOGIC MODEL

Resources/ Inputs	Activities/ Goals	Outputs /Core Components	Outcomes	Impact
Certain resources are needed to operate your program	If you have access to them, then you can use them to accomplish your planned activities	If you accomplish your planned activities, then you will hopefully deliver the amount of product and/or	If you accomplish your planned activities to the extent you intended, then your participants will benefit in certain ways	If these benefits to participants are achieved, then certain changes in organizations, communities,
Your Plan	ned Work	service that you intended	Your Intended R	or systems might be esults expected to occur

ADUANTAGES:

- Easier way to define work and measure it
- Performance measures drawn from any step
- Emphasis on measuring final outcomes or results so not spinning wheels on work activities or outputs without achieving desired outcomes



USE OF THE LOGIC MODEL:

- Program Planning
 - ✓ helps to "plan with the end in mind"
 - ✓ with focus on ultimate outcomes, can think backwards to identify how best to achieve desired results
- Performance Evaluation
 - ✓ important to carefully specify desired results and how to monitor them over time

Program Elements	Criteria for Program Success	Benefits of Program Logic Models
Planning & Design Program	Program goals and objectives, and important side effects are well defined ahead of time.	Finds "gaps" in the theory or logic of a program and work to resolve them.
	Program goals and objectives are both plausible and possible.	Builds a shared understanding of what the program is all about and how the parts work together.
Implementation & Management	Relevant, credible, and useful performance data can be obtained.	Focuses attention of management on the most important connections between action and results.
Evaluation, Communication, & Marketing	The intended users of the evaluation results have agreed on how they will use the information.	Provides a way to involve and engage stakeholders in the design, processes, and use of evaluation.

HOW LOGIC MODELS CAN POSITION PROGRAMS TOWARD SUCCESS

READING LOGIC MODELS

- When "read" from left to right:
 - ✓ Logic Models describe program basics over time from planning through results.
 - ✓ Following the chain of reasoning or "If...then..." statements which connect the program's parts.



Resources/ Inputs	Activities/ Goals	Outputs /Core Components	Outcomes	Impact
Certain resources are needed to operate your program Your Work	If you have access to them, then you can use them to accomplish your planned activities Planned k	convios that	If you accomplish your planned activities to the extent you intended, then your participants will benefit in YOUTHENDER RESULTS	If these benefits to participants are achieved, then certain changes in organizations, communities, or systems might be expected to occur

EXAMPLE:

- Input: Money, staff, equipment
- Activities: Development of materials, training programs
- Output: Number of booklets produced, workshops held, people trained
- Outcomes/Impacts: Increased skills/knowledge/confidence leading in longer-term to promotion, new job, entry into post-secondary, etc.



TOOLS FOR PLANNING

- ICAPS Planning Notes
- ICAPS/IET Planning Template
- ICAPS Gap Analysis
- Logic Model



ICAPS Planning Notes

Employer Engagement

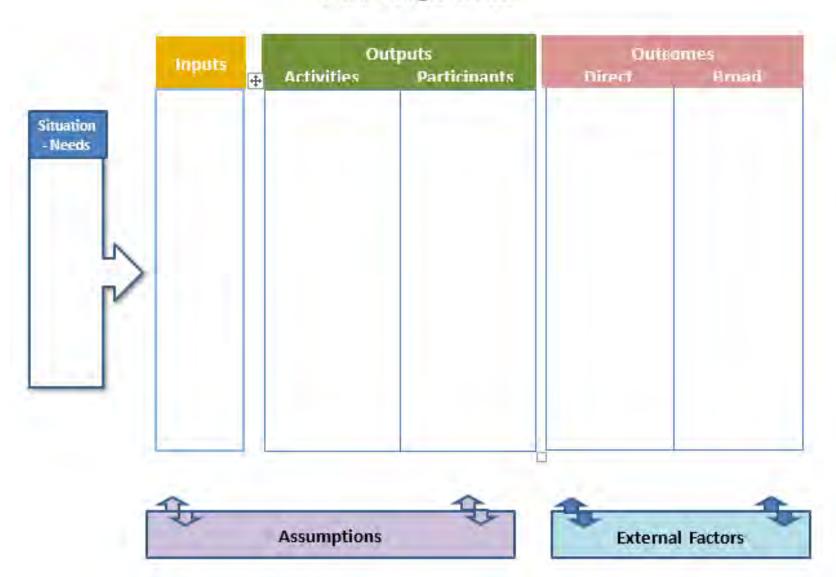
Possible Employers	Credential/Certificates Required by Employer	Service(s) Employer can Provide	Benefits to Employer	Contact, by whom? How?	Next Steps/ Person Responsible/ Due Date
Other sources of information on	how to engage employer	s:			

ICAPS/IET Planning Template



ICAPS/IET Planning Template				
☐ Dem	onstrate need/demand for career pathway			
	Gather Labor Market Information			
	Available jobs Period dille he apple and			
	☐ Desired skills by employers ☐ Earning potential			
	Employment options			
	Opportunities for advancement			
	Verify inclusion of Certification on LWIB Demand List			
	Verify industry jobs from proposed certificate program is in alignment with Local and Regional Plans for			
	Workforce Development			
	Industry job is in the LWIB/LWIA Plan			
☐ Crea	te partnerships related to Career Pathway			
Partners inclu				
	Business and industry			
	Career and Technical Education departments/training facilities			
	LWIB/LWIA			
	Institutional departments			
	Obtain letters of commitment from ALL partners			
☐ Path	way flowchart			
	Articulation of one or more educational pathways			
	Progression of classes/training – starting point and possible paths			
	Connection to Bridge program			

I-CAPS Logic Model



Rend Lake College I-CAPS Logic Model

Situation - Needs

Too few adult education students transition to college and persist long enough to obtain certificate or degree

Adults need to learn soft skills to obtain and retain a job

Health care community has need for qualified workers

Inputs

Buy-in from key

members of

team

the leadership

Qualified and

enthusiastic

instructors to

carry out the

Health, Basic

Services)

program (Allied

Skills & Student

Tuition Wavier

Employer input

for qualified

students

& interest

AO grant &

Perkins dollars

staff and

Outputs Activities Pa

Participants

- Identify program goals and objectives
- Develop stackable credential in Allied Health
- Establish delivery method for contextualized and basic skills courses – select instructors
- 4 Identify and recruit students / easess & orient
- Deliver student support services / retain students
- Maintain complete and accurate records, both qualitative and quantitative
- 7. Evaluate
- Make plans for continuation and expansion

- 1 Leadership team
- Allied Health faculty & staff, Addus (employer)
- Leadership team
- Leadership team, WIOA, RLO marketing, testing center, students reading scores 8+
- Adult Ed student support coordinators
- 5 Instructors, coordinators, & leadership team
- 7. Leadership team
- Leadership team & RLC administration, faculty & staff

Outcomes Direct Broad

- Enroll 8 students 50% earn at least 1 certificate (CNA), 35% earn 2 certificates (CNA & Personal Care Aide
- 60% of students
 earn a GED
 certification
- Adapt tuition wavier to include AO students
- Students enter/retain employment
- Students advance in employment including pay raise
- Students continue postaecondary education in a related pathway earning an additional credential(s)

- Students prepared for postsecondary education or workforce
- Increased awareness of AO by RLC faculty & staff
- Community awareness of the educational needs of middle to low skill adults
- Reduce the number of unemployed in the RLC district

Assumptions

Undereducated adults can become productive employees with adequate support and training.



External Factors

Job market, economy





YOUR TURN!

WHAT ARE YOUR QUESTIONS?

HOW CAN WE HELP YOU SUCCEED?

Illinois Community College Board
Career and Technical Education and Adult Education and Literacy